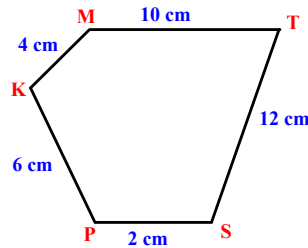


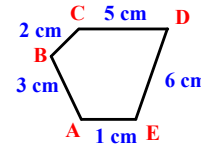
b.4. Similar Figures

March 19, 2007

- Similar Figures: figures that
have the same shape but
different sizes.



Example:



$$PKMTS \sim ABCDE$$

\sim = Similar

$$\begin{aligned} m\angle P &= m\angle A \\ m\angle K &= m\angle B \\ m\angle M &= m\angle C \\ m\angle T &= m\angle D \\ m\angle S &= m\angle E \end{aligned}$$

Corresponding Parts

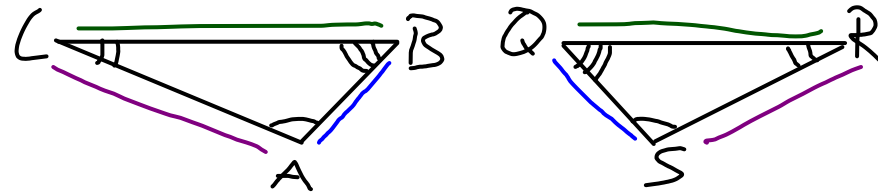
Corr. \angle 's of \sim polygons are \cong

$$\frac{PK}{AB} = \frac{KM}{BC} = \frac{MT}{CD} = \frac{ST}{ED} = \frac{PS}{AE}$$

$$2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2$$

Two polygons are similar if their corresponding angles have the same measure and the measure of their corresponding sides are in proportion

ex2



Tell Me the Corr. Parts.

Angles

$$m\angle A = m\angle S$$
$$m\angle B = m\angle Q$$
$$m\angle C = m\angle R$$

Sides

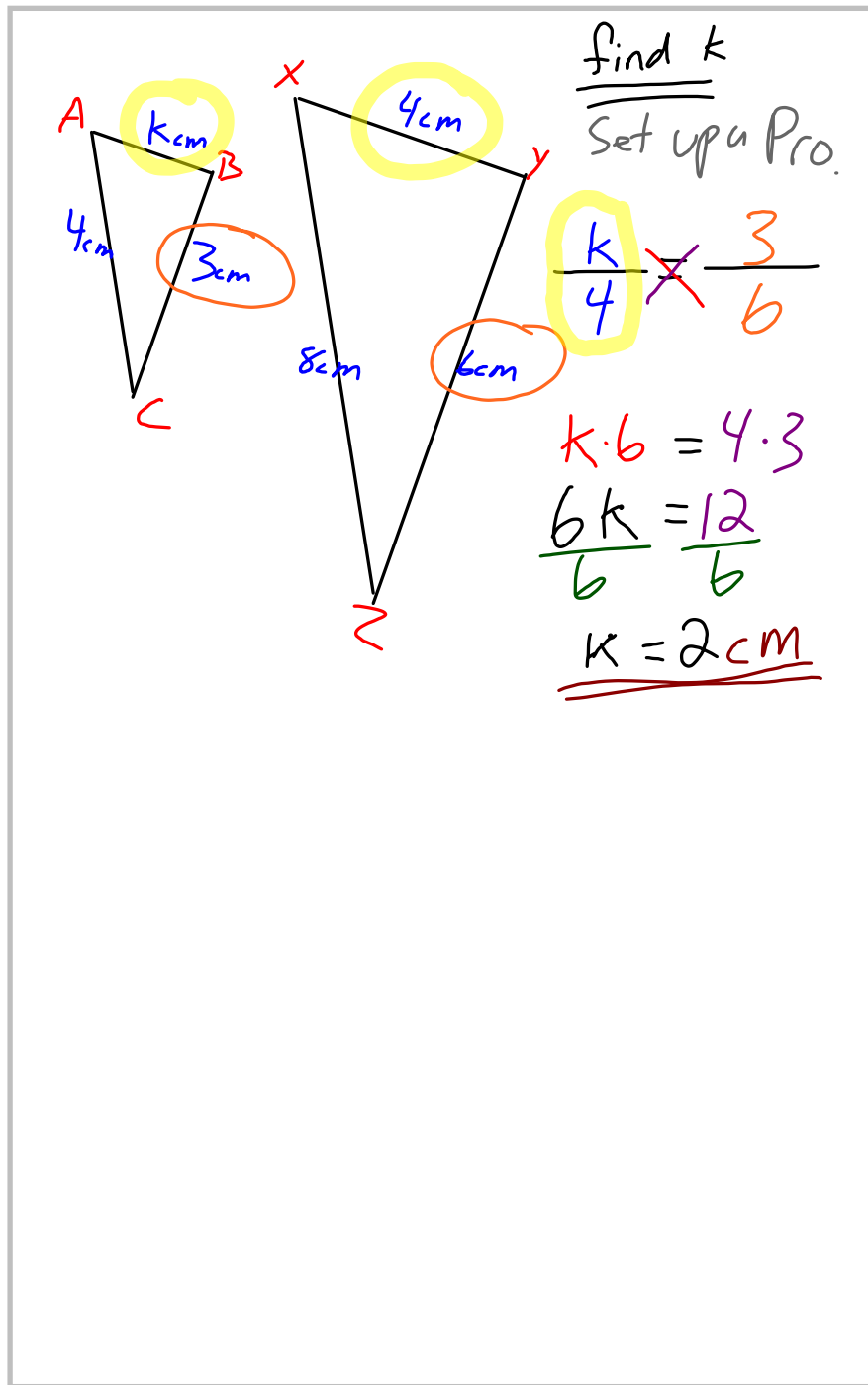
$$\frac{AB}{SQ} \quad \frac{AC}{SR} \quad \frac{CB}{RQ}$$

Make a Corr. Statement.

$$\triangle ACB \sim \triangle SRQ$$

or

$$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle SQR \dots$$

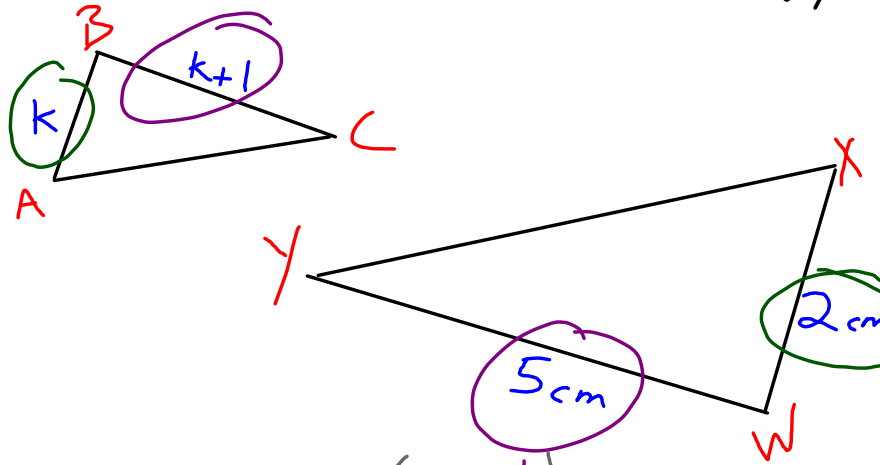


find k
Set up a Pro.

$$\frac{k}{4} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$k \cdot 6 = 4 \cdot 3$$
$$\frac{6k}{6} = \frac{12}{6}$$
$$k = 2 \text{ cm}$$

$$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle XWY$$



$$\frac{k}{2} \propto \frac{(k+1)}{5}$$



$$k \cdot 5 = 2 \cdot (k+1)$$

$$5k = 2k + 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5k \\ -2k \\ \hline 3k = 2 \end{array}$$

$$3k = 2$$

$$k = \frac{2}{3}$$

O.T.L.

pg 189: 1-5 all

9, 11, 12, 13, 14