

## 3.1 Solving

Oct. 10, 2006

### Linear Equations Using Addition and Subtraction.

Linear equation: an equation with a variable that has an exponent of one (1)

ie:  $x + 3 = 7$  Yes!

$x - 6 = 2$  Yes

$x^2 + 2 = 6$  No!

$x^3 + 9 = 63$  No!

Solve Lin. Eqv.

Goal

trying to get 'x'  
the Variable by  
It Self

ex1]  $x - 3 = 5$

$x$   $x - 3$   
= 5

$+3$

$8$

what we do to 'x'

Script the Equations

what we do to 5

ex2]  $x + 6 = 2$

$x$   $x + 6$   
= 2

$-6$

$-4$

$x = -4$

## Solve Lin. Eqn.

trying to get 'x'  
the Variable by  
It Self

ex1a)  $x - 3 = 5$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} & +3 & \\ \hline & x = 8 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 8 - 3 & \stackrel{?}{=} & 5 \\ 5 & = & 5 \checkmark \end{array}$$

ex2a)  $x + 6 = 2$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} & -6 & \\ \hline & x = -4 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -4 + 6 & \stackrel{?}{=} & 2 \\ 2 & = & 2 \checkmark \end{array}$$

ex3]  $x - \frac{4}{x} + \frac{2}{2} = \frac{1}{1}$

~~$x - 2$~~   
 ~~$+ 2 + 2$~~

$x = 3$

ex4]  $x + \frac{+2}{-2} = \frac{2}{2}$  m

~~$+ 2$~~   
 ~~$- 2$~~

$x = 0$

ex5]  $\frac{2x+1-x-6}{x-5} = 3$

~~$2x+1-x-6$~~   
 ~~$x-5$~~

~~$+ 5 + 5$~~

$x = 8$

~~3.2.~~

## Solving Equations w/ Multiplication & Division

Rotten Kid, The

What you do to one kid (<sup>side of</sup>  
the eqn.)

You must do to the other (<sup>side of</sup>  
the eqn.)

Solve: script

$$4x = 12$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & \xrightarrow{*4} & 4x \\ \boxed{3} & \xrightarrow{\div 4} & \underline{12} \end{array}$$

what are we  
trying to do?

Ans. get 'x'  
By itself

$$\underline{x = 3}$$

Solve:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -5x & = & 100 \\ \cancel{-5} & & \cancel{-5} \end{array}$$

$$\underline{x = -20}$$

script

Solve

$$6 \left( \frac{x}{6} \right) = 30 \cdot 6$$

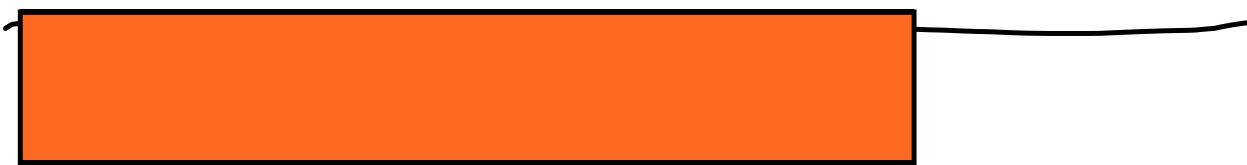
$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & \xrightarrow{\div 6} & \frac{x}{6} \\ \boxed{180} & \xrightarrow{*6} & 30 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{x = 180}$$

Solve: variable

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{12}{4}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 3}}$$



$$\frac{3}{12} \cancel{10} = \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{2}{3} m \right)$$

$$15 = m$$

### Side Bar

5c the opp.  
is to  $\div$  by 5

$\frac{2}{3} * m$   
the opp. of  
 $* \frac{2}{3}$  is  
to  $\div \frac{2}{3}$  ↘  
→  $\div$  by a fraction  
is the same as  
 $*$  by the recip.

Solve :

$$5 \left( -\frac{1}{5}x \right) = 24.5$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = -40}}$$

O.T.L.

② Pg 135 : 3-15(a); 25-39(o)  
*in today*

③ Pg 136 : 57, 58, 59  
Use the chart above. Do 58 & 59  
and copy & fill in the Chart.

O.T.L.

Pg 141-142 :

17-49(o), 48