

pg. 135; 3-15 (a) · 25 · 39 (b): 57, 58, 59

③ not linear: exponent
of variable is 2, not 1

④ linear

⑤ linear

⑥ not linear: exponent
of variable is 2, not 1

⑦ -1

⑧ 13

⑨ -17

⑩ 5

⑪ 4

⑫ 8

⑬ 3

⑭ -13

⑮ -3

⑯ 9

⑰ -5

⑱ 10

⑲ 8

⑳ -4

㉑ 24

㉒ -15

㉓ -24

(135) (#58)

$$G = \underline{4218}$$

$$E + 418 = \underline{G}$$

$$E + 418 = 4218$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -418 \\ -418 \end{array}$$

$$E = 3800$$

⑧

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 = x + 4 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline 4 = x \\ \hline \hline \end{array}$$

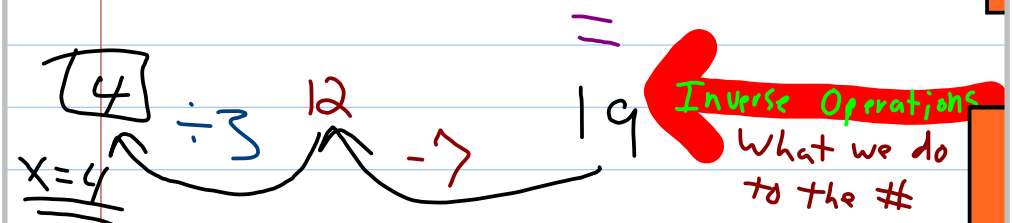
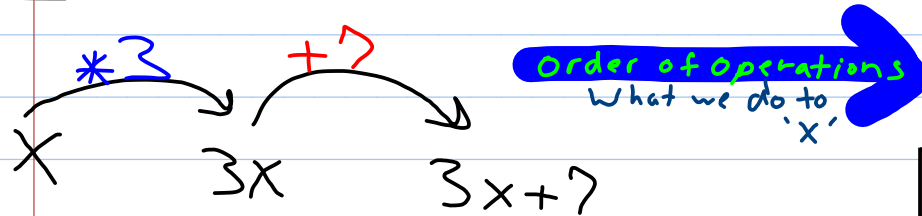
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 = x - 4 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline 13 = x \\ \hline \hline \end{array}$$

3.3. Solving Multi-Step Equations

Oct. 11, 2006

ex 1) $3x + 7 = 19$ * get 'x' by itself

Script

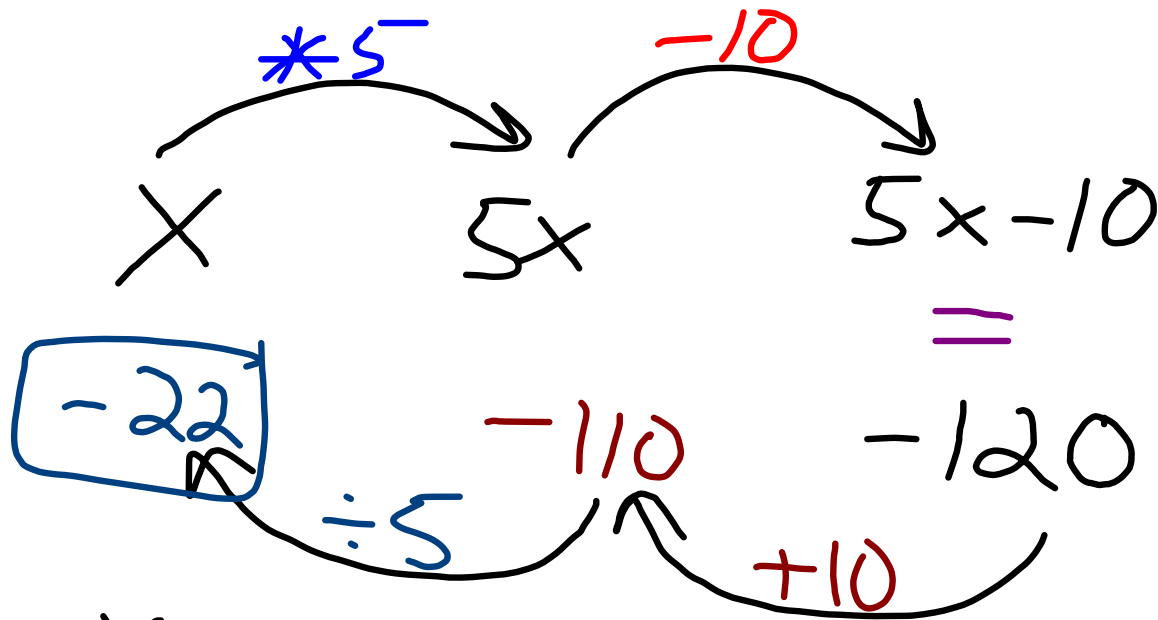


Vertical

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 7 = 19 \\ \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \hline 3x = 12 \\ \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \hline x = 4 \end{array}$$

ex2) $5x - 10 = -120$

Script



$x = -22$

ex2)

Vertical

$$5x - 10 = -120$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +10 \qquad \qquad +10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underline{5x} = \underline{-110}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \qquad \qquad \qquad 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = -22}}$$

ex 3

Vertical

$$\begin{array}{r} 7x - 3x - 8 = 24 \\ \hline 4x - 8 = 24 \\ +8 \quad +8 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{32}{4}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 8}}$$

Check:

$$\begin{array}{r} 7(8) - 3(8) - 8 \stackrel{?}{=} 24 \\ 56 - 24 - 8 \stackrel{?}{=} 24 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32 - 8 \stackrel{?}{=} 24 \\ \hline 24 \end{array}$$

$$24 = 24 \checkmark$$

ex 4)

$$8x - 2(x + 7) = 16$$

$$8x - 2(x) + -2(7) = 16$$

$$\underline{8x} - \underline{2x} - 14 = 16$$

$$6x - 14 = 16$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +14 \quad +14 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underline{6x} = \underline{30}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \quad 6 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 5}}$$

$$\text{ex 5]} \quad 4 = \frac{2}{3}(x+3)$$

$$4 = \frac{2}{3}(x) + \frac{2}{3}(\frac{3}{1})$$

$$4 = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 \qquad \qquad -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \cdot 2 = \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{2}{3}x \right)$$

$$\underline{\underline{3 = x}}$$

$$\frac{3}{12} \cdot 42 = \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{2}{3} (x+3) \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 = x + 3 \\ -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline 3 = x \end{array}$$



Real Life Math:

- There is going to be a concert in Cleveland.
- Gund Arena: 26,247 people
- CSU: 21,650 people.

* How many more seats have to be added to CSU to have as many seats as Gund?

$$x + \text{CSU} = \text{Gund}$$

$$x + 21,650 = 26,247$$
$$\underline{- 21,650 \quad - 21,650}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 4,597}}$$

O.T.L.

① pg 133: Checkpoint

Do 1-6 (a) → To be turned

in tomorrow

② Turn in ^{pg 130} Ch. Readiness Quiz ^{Friday}

Do ~~Today~~ Tomorrow also

③ Turn in activity on pg 131
~~Today~~ Tomorrow

HW ✓ ④ pg 147-148:

19-43 (odd)

* ^{Hint.} use ex. 2 on pg 145 to
help with #43

⑤ pg 135: 26-38 (even)

⑥ pg 141-142: 18-48 (even)

will be checked & collected