

5.4 Standard Form

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Recall

$$3(x+4) = \text{~~3x+4~~}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3(x) + 3(4) \\ \underline{\underline{3x + 12}} \end{aligned}$$

Today ...

This is the process

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$\hookrightarrow y = mx + b$$

$$\hookrightarrow \underline{\underline{Ax + By = C}}$$

Pt. Slope form

$\hookrightarrow$ Slope-Int.

$\hookrightarrow$ Standard form

Recall

Standard form:

$$Ax + By = C$$

- where A & B cannot Both Be Zero.
- A & B are coefficients
 A & B are Integer (coefficients)
No Decimals (no fractions)

Write. $y = \frac{2}{5}x - 3$ in Standard Form (S.F.)

Standard form

$$5 \cdot y = \left(\frac{2}{5}x - 3 \right) 5$$

$$5y = \cancel{5} \left(\frac{2}{\cancel{5}}x \right) - 5(3)$$

$$5y = 2x - 15$$

-2x

-2x

$$\underline{-2x + 5y = -15}$$

$$Ax + By = C$$

What's the Problem

✓ Fraction

✓ Not All Variables on Left.

$$A = -2$$

$$B = 5$$

$$C = -15$$

$$3 \cdot Y = \left(-\frac{2}{3}x + 4 \right) 3 \rightarrow S.F.$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3y = -2x + 12 \\ +2x \quad \quad +2x \\ \hline 2x + 3y = 12 \\ \hline \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A = 2 \\ B = 3 \\ C = 12 \end{array}$$

Write in S.F. the line that
Passes through $(-4, 3)$ + Slope of 2
 (x_1, y_1)

Process Given
Slope + 1 Pt $\Rightarrow$ P.S.F. $\Rightarrow$ S.I.F. $\Rightarrow$ S.F.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 3 = 2(x + 4)$$

$$y - 3 = 2(x + 4)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y - 3 = 2x + 8 \\ +3 \quad +3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$y = 2x + 11$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{-2x + y = 11}}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} y - 3 = 2x + 8 & \\ -2x \quad +3 & -2x + 3 \\ \hline -2x + y = 11 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A = -2 \\ B = 1 \\ C = 11 \end{array}$$

Write in S.F. the equation of the line
that intersects at $(4, 0)$ & $(0, 3)$ S.F.
* 2 Pts $\Rightarrow$ Slope $\Rightarrow$ S.F.

* 1 Pt & Slope $\Rightarrow$ P.S.F. $\Rightarrow$ S.I.F. $\Rightarrow$ S.F.

$$m = \text{slope} = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{\text{change in } y}{\text{change in } x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{3 - 0}{0 - 4} = -\frac{3}{4} \quad \text{better way} \quad \boxed{-\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 0 = -\frac{3}{4}(x - 4)$$

$$4(y) = \left(-\frac{3}{4}x + 3\right) 4$$

$$4(y - 3) = \left(-\frac{3}{4}x\right) 4$$

$$4y = -3x + 12$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +3x \quad +3x \\ \hline 3x + 4y = 12 \end{array}$$

$$4y - 12 = -3x + 12$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +3x \quad +12 \\ \hline 3x + 4y = 12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A = 3 \\ B = 4 \\ C = 12 \end{array}$$

2 Pts $\Rightarrow$ Slope

y-int & Slope $\Rightarrow$ S.I.F. $\Rightarrow$ S.F.

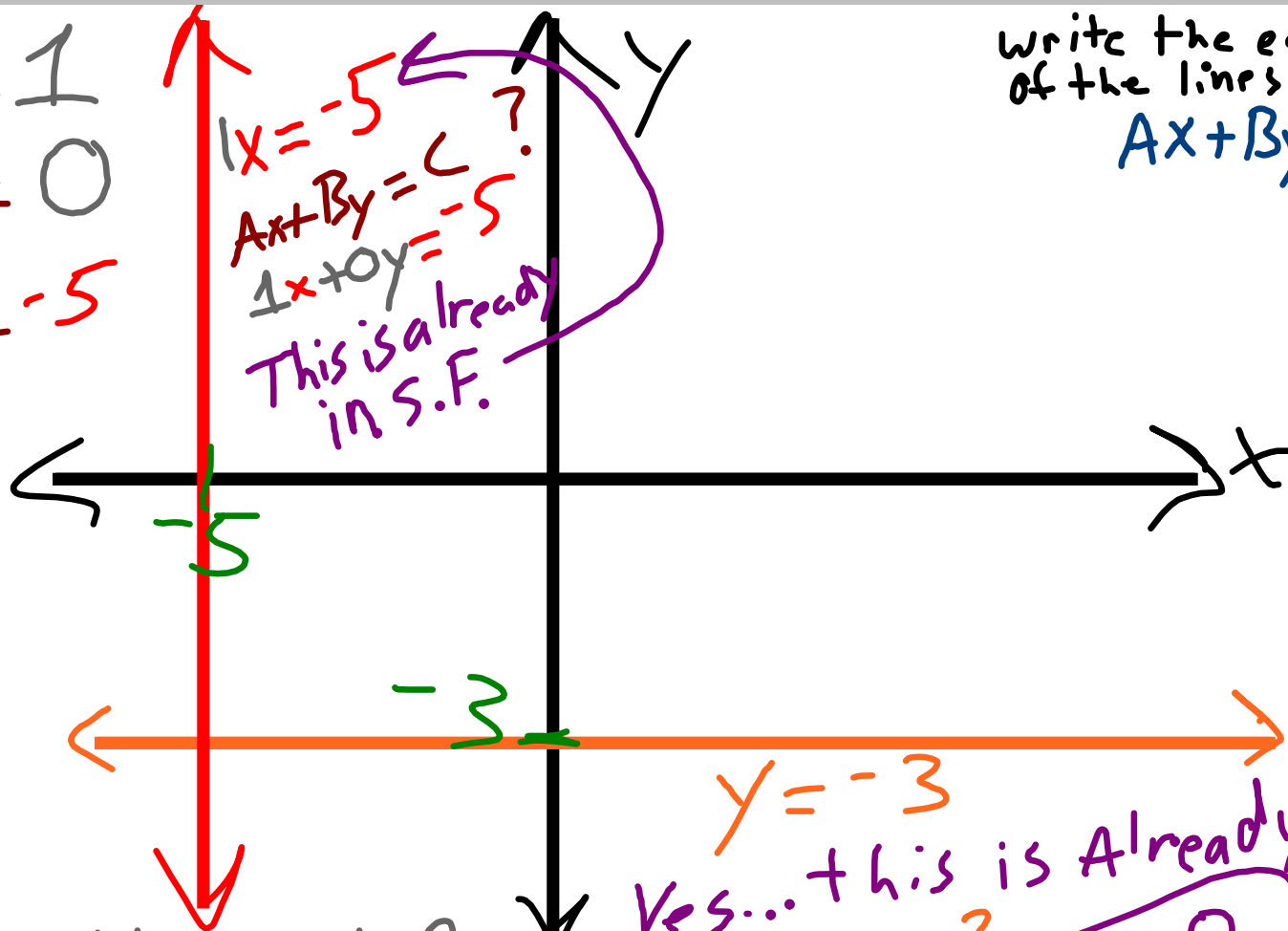
$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 3$$

$$A = 1$$

$$B = 0$$

$$C = -5$$



"A" is the # in front of "x"

"B" is the # in front of "y"

$$A = 0$$

$$B = 1$$

$$C = -3$$

O.T.L

① * Write Summary Box
on pg 293 into Notes

② pg 294-295:
1, 2, 15, 19, 20, 21, 25, 28, 29,
39-51(a)

③ Chapter Test Next Week & Notebooks