

Review

May 16, 2007

Proportions:

$$\frac{x}{10} \neq \frac{4}{5}$$

$$x \cdot 5 = 10 \cdot 4$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{40}{5}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 8}}$$

$$\frac{(6x+4)}{5} \neq \frac{2}{x}$$

$$(6x+4) \cdot x = 5 \cdot 2$$

$$6x^2 + 4x = 10$$
$$\underline{-10 \quad -10}$$

$$6x^2 + 4x - 10 = 0$$

$$2(3x^2 + 2x - 5) = 0$$

$$2(x-1)(3x+5) = 0$$

~~2=0~~ or $x-1=0$ or $3x+5=0$

$$\begin{array}{r} x-1=0 \\ +1 \quad +1 \\ \hline x=1 \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 3x+5=0 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline 3x=-5 \\ \frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-5}{3} \\ x = -\frac{5}{3} \end{array}$$

$x = 1$ or $x = -\frac{5}{3}$

Simplify

$$\frac{3 \cancel{15} x^{\cancel{2}}}{2 \cancel{10} x} = \frac{3x}{\underline{\underline{2}}}$$

Simplify

$$\frac{x^2 - 7x + 12}{x^2 + 3x - 18}$$

1·12
2·6
3·4

$$x^2 + 3x - 18$$

1·18
2·9
3·6

Make Sure You Factor Completely

$$= \frac{(x-3)(x-4)}{(x-3)(x+6)} = \frac{(x-4)}{\underline{\underline{(x+6)}}}$$

$$\frac{3-x}{x^2+x-12} = \frac{-1(x-3)}{(3-x)(x-3)(x+4)} = \frac{-1}{(x+4)}$$

1:12
 2:6
 3:4

$$\frac{5x}{11x + x^2} = \frac{\cancel{5x}}{\cancel{x}(11+x)} = \frac{5}{\underline{\underline{(11+x)}}}$$

$$(x^2 - 3x - 28) \div (x - 7)$$

$$(x + 4)(x - 7)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - 3x - 28 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

1. 28
2. 14
4. 7

$$\frac{1}{(x - 7)} = \frac{(x + 4)}{\underline{\underline{\quad}}}$$

$$(6x^2 + 11x + 3) \div (3x + 1)$$

$$\frac{(3x + 1)(2x + 3)}{(6x^2 + 11x + 3)} \cdot \frac{1}{(3x + 1)} = \underline{\underline{(2x + 3)}}$$

$$\frac{\boxed{2x-4}}{x^2+3x} - \frac{\boxed{x-7}}{x^2+3x} = \frac{\overbrace{(2x-4)}^{2x-4} - \overbrace{(x-7)}^{x-7}}{\underbrace{(x^2+3x)}_{x(x+3)}} = \frac{1}{\underline{\underline{x}}}$$

Subt. + Simp.

Adding + Simp.

Mult. + Simp.

Div. + Simp.

Test
Tomorrow

Pro. (cross multiply)

Means = Extremes

has an equal sign